







WORKING WITH LANDOWNERS

MANKATO-MISSISSIPPI RIVER TRANSMISSION PROJECT **INFORMATION SHEET | MINNESOTA**

Updated: May 2025

Easement Acquisition and Survey Permission

- An easement is a permanent right authorizing a utility to use the Right-of-Way (ROW) to build and maintain a transmission line.
- Access may be needed for construction and long-term maintenance of the transmission line.
- To assist with transmission line engineering and design, temporary access or permission from landowners may be acquired to conduct surveys and soil sampling.
- Engineering, environmental, cultural, and land survey studies would be conducted.
- Market data from recent sales of similar properties is used to determine fair and appropriate landowner compensation.
- Every effort will be made to reach a fair and reasonable settlement. When negotiations are unsuccessful, which is rare, we may have to exercise our eminent domain authority.
- Minnesota's "Buy-the-Farm" law provides certain landowners with the right to request that a utility purchase some or all of their entire contiguous land parcel where a new transmission line above 200 kV is sited rather than purchasing an easement. Certain landowners may also be entitled to relocation assistance.

Working in the Right-of-Way

- Generally, activities by landowners within the transmission line easement are not restricted, and can continue, including agricultural activities.
- Activities not permitted within the easement are those that jeopardize the integrity of the structures or reduce the ground-to-line clearance, such as construction of new buildings or tall-growth trees.
- Landowners should exercise caution when operating tall equipment, moving irrigation pipes, fueling vehicles, or conducting other activities within the easement to prevent electrical shock or contact with the transmission line.

Easements and Agriculture

Irrigation

- Structures will be placed to avoid conflicts with irrigation equipment and its operation to the extent possible.
- Site-specific circumstances can be addressed with landowners.

Planting and Harvesting

- Land rights agents will work with individual landowners to determine when to avoid construction during planting and harvesting seasons.
- If crop damage cannot be avoided, compensation for crop loss will be offered.

Livestock

- In coordination with the landowner, segments of fences may be removed or access gates may be installed during line construction.
- Crews would construct temporary fences and work with landowners to minimize impacts to and protect livestock.
- If the landowner is in agreement, gates would be left in place to facilitate future maintenance activities.

